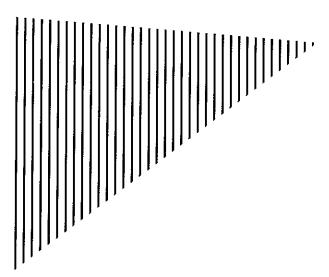
**Financial Statements** 

Centra Gas Manitoba Inc.

March 31, 2011



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Shareholder of Centra Gas Manitoba Inc.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Centra Gas Manitoba Inc., which comprise the balance sheet as at March 31, 2011 and the statements of income (loss), retained earnings and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

## Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of **Centra Gas Manitoba Inc.** as at March 31, 2011 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles.

Winnipeg, Canada, June 23, 2011.

Ernst \* young LLP

Chartered accountants

## CENTRA GAS MANITOBA INC. STATEMENT OF INCOME (LOSS)

For the year ended March 31

	Notes	2011	2010
_		millions	of dollars
Revenues			
Commodity		261	316
Distribution		142	136
		403	452
Cost of gas sold		261	316
		142	136
Other income		1	2
	-	143	138
Expenses			
Operating and administrative	3	61	61
Finance expense	3 & 4	18	19
Depreciation and amortization		25	24
Capital and other taxes		20	23
Corporate allocation	5	12	12
		136	139
Net Income (Loss)		7	(1)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

## STATEMENT OF RETAINED EARNINGS

For the year ended March 31

	2011	2010	
	millions	of dollars	
Retained earnings, beginning of year	33	34	
Net income (loss)	7	(1)	
Retained earnings, end of year	40	33	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

## CENTRA GAS MANITOBA INC.

## **BALANCE SHEET**

As at March 31

	Notes	2011	2010
		millions	of dollars
Assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment			
In service	6	617	600
Less accumulated depreciation	6	218	210
		399	390
Construction in progress	6	1	1
		400	391
Current Assets			
Accounts receivable and accrued revenue		90	79
Gas in storage		21	33
		111	112
Other Assets		· · ·	<del></del>
Regulated assets	7	75	70
Intangible assets	8	7	8
2111111151010 1111010		82	78
<del></del>	<del> </del>	593	581
Liabilities and Shareholder's Equity			
Long-Term Debt	9	297	297
Current Liabilities		-	
Due to parent	10	19	24
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	11	67	58
		86	82
Other Liabilities			
Refundable advances from customers		16	16
Trois and the control of the control		16	16
G 4 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	<u>,                                      </u>		
Contributions in Aid of Construction		33	32
Shareholder's Equity			
Share capital	15	121	121
Retained earnings		40	33
		161	154
······································		593	581

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Approved on bahalf of the Board;

Victor H. Schroeder, QC

Chairman of the Board

William Fraser, FCA

Chair of the Audit Committee

# CENTRA GAS MANITOBA INC. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended March 31

	2011	2010
	million	s of dollars
Operating Activities		
Cash receipts from customers	403	506
Cash paid to suppliers	(338)	(425)
Interest paid	(20)	(20)
Cash provided by operating activities	45	61
Financing Activities		
Long-term advances from parent	-	62
Short-term repayments to parent	(6)	(85)
Cash used for financing activities	(6)	(23)
Investing Activities		
Property, plant and equipment, net of contributions	(27)	(25)
Other	(12)	(13)
Cash used for investing activities	(39)	(38)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	-	<u>-</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>.</u>	-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

For the year ended March 31, 2011

### NOTE 1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Rate Regulated Accounting - The prices charged for the sale of natural gas within Manitoba are subject to review and approval by the Public Utilities Board of Manitoba (PUB). The rate-setting process is designed such that rates charged to gas customers recover all costs incurred in providing gas service to customers. As permitted under Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), the Company applies standards issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) in the United States as another source of GAAP. FASB Accounting Standards Codification Section 980 – Regulated Operations, represents the standard Centra Gas Manitoba Inc. (Centra) applies for rate-regulated accounting. These accounting policies differ from enterprises that do not operate in a rate-regulated environment. Such accounting policies allow for the deferral of certain costs or credits which will be recovered or refunded in future rates. These costs or credits would otherwise be included in the determination of net income in the year that the cost or credit is incurred. Centra refers to such deferred costs or credits as regulated assets (Note 7) or regulated liabilities (Note 11) which are generally comprised of the following:

- Power Smart programs The costs of Centra's energy conservation programs, referred to as Power Smart, are deferred and amortized on a straight-line basis over a period of 10 years.
- Deferred taxes As a result of its acquisition by Manitoba Hydro in 1999, Centra became non-taxable and, in so doing, incurred a non-recurring tax expense. This nonrecurring tax expense has been deferred and is being amortized over a period of 30 years.
- Site restoration costs Site restoration costs incurred are deferred and amortized on a straight-line basis over a period of 15 years.
- Regulatory costs Costs associated with regulatory hearings are deferred and amortized on a straight-line basis over periods ranging up to 5 years.
- Purchased gas variance accounts Accounts are maintained to recover/refund differences between the actual cost of gas and the cost of gas incorporated into rates charged to customers as approved by the PUB. The difference between the recorded cost of natural gas and the actual cost of natural gas is carried as an account receivable/payable, and recovered or refunded in future rates.

For the year ended March 31, 2011

Centra's other significant accounting policies are as follows:

## a) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost which includes direct labour, materials, contracted services, a proportionate share of overhead costs and interest applied at the average cost of debt. Interest is allocated to construction until a capital project becomes operational or a decision is made to abandon, cancel or indefinitely defer construction. Once the transfer to in-service property, plant and equipment is made, interest allocated to construction ceases and depreciation and interest charged to operations commences.

### b) **Depreciation**

Depreciation is provided on a straight-line remaining life basis. Retirements of property, plant and equipment, including costs of removal, are charged to accumulated depreciation with no gains or losses reflected in operations. The estimated service lives and removal costs of the assets are based upon depreciation studies conducted periodically by Centra.

The range of estimated service lives of each major asset category is as follows:

Transmission 40 - 65 years
Distribution 15 - 65 years
Other 5 - 22 years

### c) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets include computer application development costs and land easements. Intangible assets are recorded at cost. The cost of computer application development includes direct labour, materials, contracted services, a proportionate share of overhead costs and interest applied at the average cost of debt. Intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortized over their useful lives on a straight-line basis. The expected useful lives are as follows:

Computer application development 10 years Land easements 65 years

## d) Contributions in Aid of Construction

Contributions are required from customers whenever the costs of extending service exceed specified construction allowances. Contributions are amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated service lives of the related assets.

### e) Gas in Storage

Gas in storage is valued at average cost.

For the year ended March 31, 2011

## f) Revenues

Customers' meters are read and billed on a cyclical basis. Revenues are accrued in respect of energy delivered for those cycles not yet billed.

## g) Cost of Gas Sold

Cost of natural gas sold is recorded at the same rates charged to customers.

## h) Pension Costs

The costs and obligations of pension benefits are calculated by an independent actuary using the accrued benefit actuarial cost method and reflect management's best estimate of future compensation increases, service lives, inflation rates and expected rate of return on plan assets. Pension expense is comprised of the cost of pension benefits provided during the year, the amortization of past service benefits, experience gains and losses, and expected returns on fund assets net of interest on the obligation. The amount of expected returns on fund assets is based on market related values using a five-year moving average approach.

### i) Financial Instruments

All financial instruments are measured at fair value on initial recognition as of the trade date. Measurement in subsequent periods depends on the classification of the instrument. Financial instruments are classified into one of the following five categories: held-to-maturity investments, loans and receivables, held-for-trading, available-for-sale, or other financial liabilities. Financial instruments classified as loans and receivables and other financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method of amortization. Held-for-trading financial instruments are measured at fair value and all gains and losses are included in income in the period in which they arise.

## j) Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income consists of net income and other comprehensive income (OCI). As Centra has no items related to OCI, comprehensive income for the year is equivalent to net income.

## k) Foreign Currency Translation

Current monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Canadian currency at the exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date. Gains or losses related to natural gas storage purchases which arise from the date of receipt to date of payment are included as inventoried cost. All other exchange gains and losses on the translation of current monetary assets and liabilities are credited or charged to finance expense in the current period.

For the year ended March 31, 2011

#### 1) **Derivatives**

Centra does not engage in derivative trading or speculative activities. Centra mitigates natural gas price volatility to customers through the use of derivative products restricted to price swaps, call options and cashless collars. Settlement values related to cashless collars are recorded in the purchased gas variance account in the month the natural gas is delivered. Fixed price swaps are carried at fair value on the balance sheet with gains and losses recorded in income.

#### m) Debt Discounts and Premiums

Debt discounts and premiums are amortized to finance expense using the effective interest method.

### n) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates, but differences are not expected to be material.

### NOTE 2 ACCOUNTING CHANGES

#### **Overhead Rate Estimate**

Centra's policy is to include a proportionate share of overhead costs in property, plant and equipment based on overhead rate studies that are performed annually. In 2010, Centra revised its overhead rate estimate to remove interest capitalized on facilities, equipment and motor vehicles as well as to remove general and administrative departmental costs. This change in estimate was applied prospectively effective April 1, 2010 and resulted in a \$2 million increase in operating and administrative expense in 2010-11.

### Future Accounting Changes

### **International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)**

In February 2008, the Canadian Accounting Standards Board (AcSB) announced that publicly accountable enterprises will be required to adopt IFRS in place of Canadian GAAP for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2011. In October 2009, the Public Sector Accounting Board confirmed that government business enterprises such as Centra will be required to follow IFRS for periods beginning January 1, 2011.

Although IFRS and Canadian GAAP are premised on a similar conceptual framework, there are a number of differences with respect to recognition, measurement and disclosure. The areas with the highest potential to impact Centra include property, plant and equipment, regulatory assets and liabilities, and the transitional requirements upon the adoption of IFRS under the provisions of IFRS 1, *First-Time Adoption of IFRS*.

For the year ended March 31, 2011

In May 2010, the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) issued the omnibus Improvements to IFRS, which includes an amendment to IFRS 1 for entities with rate regulated activities. The amendment applies to first-time adopters by offering an optional exemption to use the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets as deemed cost of those assets on the transition date. This exemption eliminates the requirement to retrospectively adjust opening property, plant and equipment and/or intangible asset balances for costs that would otherwise not qualify for capitalization under IFRS. Centra intends to apply this exemption.

In September 2010, the AcSB implemented changes to Part I of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants Handbook – *Accounting*; allowing qualifying entities with rate regulated activities to be permitted, but not required, to defer their adoption of Part I - IFRS for one year. Centra meets the AcSB criteria for the deferral and intends to adopt Part I - IFRS for its 2012-13 fiscal year.

At this time, it is uncertain as to what position, if any, the IASB might take to address accounting for the effects of rate regulated activities. In addition, the IASB has a number of ongoing projects on its agenda which may result in changes to existing IFRS prior to the commencement of Centra's 2012-13 fiscal period. Centra continues to monitor and evaluate the impacts of current and prospective IFRS on its accounting policies, financial position and business activities.

### NOTE 3 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Centra has related party transactions with its parent which are recorded at the exchange amount. The following transactions are in addition to those disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements:

	2011	2010
	millions of	dollars
Expense		
Net operating and administrative costs	61	61
Interest		
Advances from parent	18	19

For the year ended March 31, 2011

### NOTE 4 FINANCE EXPENSE

	2011	2010
	millions o	f dollars
Interest on debt	21	21
Amortization of premiums and discounts	-	1
Interest capitalized	(3)	(3)
	18	19

Included in interest on debt is \$3 million (2010 - \$3 million) in respect of the Provincial Debt Guarantee Fee. The fee during the year was 1.0% of the total outstanding debt guaranteed by the Province of Manitoba (2010 - 1.0%).

## NOTE 5 CORPORATE ALLOCATION

Costs to acquire Centra and to integrate its operations into those of Manitoba Hydro are allocated between gas and electricity operations in accordance with the synergies and benefits derived by each segment of the business as a result of the acquisition.

NOTE 6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

2011			2010			
		Accumulated	Construction		Accumulated	Construction
	In service	depreciation	in progress	In service d	lepreciation	in progress
millions of dollars		millions of dollars				
Gas distribution	602	208	1	585	199	1
General plant and other	15	10	-	15	11	-
	617	218	1	600	210	1

For the year ended March 31, 2011

## NOTE 7 REGULATED ASSETS

	2011	2010
	millions of dol	
Power Smart programs	39	32
Deferred taxes	33	34
Site restoration costs	2	2
Regulatory costs	1	2
	75	70

If Centra was not subject to rate regulation, the costs associated with the regulated assets would be charged to operations in the period that they were incurred and the net income for 2011 would have decreased by \$5 million (2010 – net loss increased by \$6 million).

In total, regulated assets of \$10 million (2010 - \$9 million) were amortized to operations during the period.

NOTE 8 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	2011			2010		
<del></del> -	Acc	umulated		Acc	umulated	
	Cost amo	ortization	Net	Cost am	ortization	Net
	millions of dollars		millions of dollars			
Computer development	10	7	3	10	5	5
Land easements	5	1	4	4	1	3
	15	8	7	14	6	8

The additions to intangible assets for the year were \$1 million (2010 - nil). In total, intangible assets of \$2 million (2010 - \$3 million) were amortized to operations during the period.

For the year ended March 31, 2011

## NOTE 9 LONG-TERM DEBT

	2011	2010	
-	millions of	dollars	
Long-term advances from parent	298	298	
Debt discounts and premiums	(1)	(1)	
	297	297	

Debt principal amounts (excluding debt discounts and premiums) and related yields are summarized by fiscal years in which advances are required to be repaid in the following table:

	2011		2010
	Total principal	Weighted	Total principal
	amount of	average	amount of
	repayment	yield rate	repayment
	millions of dollars		millions of dollars
2013	63	5.98%	63
2015	35	3.34%	35
-	98	4.40%	98
2027-2031	30	4.73%	30
2032-2036	60	5.42%	60
2037-2041	110	4.74%	110
	298	4.90%	298

For the year ended March 31, 2011

## NOTE 10 DUE TO PARENT

Centra's short-term funding is provided by Manitoba Hydro with interest calculated monthly at floating rates. The effective rate for the fiscal year 2011 was 0.6% (2010 – 0.4%). There are no fixed repayment terms.

## NOTE 11 ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

	2011	2010
	millions of dollars	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	54	55
Regulated liabilities:		
Purchased gas variance accounts	13	3
	67	58

Centra passes costs related to the purchase and transportation of natural gas onto its customers without markup. If Centra was not subject to rate regulation, the purchased gas variance accounts would not be maintained and the actual cost of gas would be expensed in the period incurred. For the fiscal year 2011, if actual gas costs were expensed and sales rates were not adjusted accordingly, net income would have increased by \$10 million (2010 – net loss increased by \$8 million).

For the year ended March 31, 2011

## NOTE 12 EMPLOYEE FUTURE BENEFITS

In 2001, former employees of Centra ceased earning current service benefits under the Centra pension plans and began earning benefits under the Civil Service Superannuation Board plan. The assets relating to the Centra curtailed pension plans are held in trust by State Street Trust Co. of Canada and are not reflected on Centra's balance sheet.

The following table presents information concerning the Centra curtailed pension plans:

	2011	2010
	millions oj	f dollars
Plan assets at fair value		
Balance at beginning of year	73	57
Actual return on plan assets	10	12
Employer contributions	6	9
Benefit payments and refunds	(5)	(5)
	84	73
Accrued benefit obligation		
Balance at beginning of year	82	81
Interest on obligation	5	5
Benefit payments and refunds	(4)	(4)
Actuarial losses	3	_
	86	82
Deficit at end of year	(2)	(9)
Unamortized past service costs	2	2
Unamortized transitional balance	(1)	(1)
Unamortized net actuarial loss	30	32
Accrued benefit asset	29	24

For the year ended March 31, 2011

Pension assets are valued at market rates and are invested as follows:

	2011	2010
	millions of	dollars
Equities	56	46
Bonds and debentures	21	19
Real estate	4	4
Short-term investments	3	4
	84	73

The return for the Centra curtailed plan fund assets was 12.1% (2010 - 21.7%). The weighted average term to maturity on fixed income investments is 9.1 years (2010 - 8.6 years).

The most recent actuarial valuations for Centra's obligations for the Centra curtailed pension plans were performed with respect to the liabilities outstanding as at December 31, 2010. These valuations incorporated management's best estimate assumptions and took into consideration the long-term nature of the pension plans. The next actuarial valuation for the plans will occur in December 2011.

The Centra curtailed pension plans are also subject to a solvency valuation for funding purposes with the latest valuation taking place as at December 31, 2010.

The significant actuarial assumptions adopted in measuring Centra's accrued benefit obligation are as follows:

	2011	2010
Discount rate	6.5%	6.5%
Expected long-term rate of return on plan assets	7.0%	7.0%
Rate of compensation increase including merit and promotions	1.5 - 2.0%	1.5 - 2.0%
Expected average remaining service life of employees	10 years	10 years
Long-term inflation rate	2.5%	2.5%

For the year ended March 31, 2011

Centra's pension expense related to the curtailed pension plans is as follows:

	2011	2010	
	millions of	dollars	
Interest on obligation	5	5	
Expected return on plan assets	(6)	(6)	
Amortization of net experience loss	1	1	
	<u>-</u>	-	

## NOTE 13 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amount and fair values of Centra's non-derivative financial instruments at March 31 were as follows:

	2011		201	0	
	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair	
Financial instruments	value	value	value	value	
	į	millions d	of dollars		
Loans and Receivables					
Accounts receivable and accrued revenue	90	90	79	79	
Other Financial Liabilities					
Long-term debt	297	311	297	308	
<ul> <li>Accounts payable and accrued liabilities</li> </ul>	67	67	58	58	
Due to parent	19	19	24	24	

The fair value measurement of financial instruments is classified in accordance with a hierarchy of three levels, based on the type of inputs used in making these measurements:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities;
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable in active markets for the asset or liability; and
- Level 3 Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

Financial instrument measurements are level 1 measurements with the exception of long-term debt which is a level 2 measurement. Fair value measurement of Centra's long-term debt is based on market yields at close of business on the balance sheet date for similar instruments available in capital markets. The carrying values of all other financial assets and liabilities approximate fair value.

For the year ended March 31, 2011

#### Financial Risks

During the normal course of business, Centra is exposed to a number of financial risks including credit and liquidity risks, and market risk resulting from fluctuations in interest rates and commodity prices. Risk management policies, processes and systems have been established to identify and analyze financial risks faced by Centra, to set risk tolerance limits, establish controls and to monitor risk and adherence to policies. An integrated risk management plan has been developed, and reviewed by the Audit Committee of the Centra Gas Board, to ensure the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by Centra. The nature of the financial risks and Centra's strategy for managing these risks has not changed significantly from the prior year.

#### a) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss to the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. Exposure to credit risk related to accounts receivable arising from natural gas sales is minimized due to a large and diversified customer base.

The value of Centra's aged accounts receivable for customers and related bad debt provisions are presented in the following table:

	2011	2010
	millions of do	
Under 30 days	82	70
30 to 60 days	4	6
Over 60 days	6	6
	92	82
Provision at end of period	(2)	(3)
Total accounts receivable	90	79

The provision for bad and doubtful accounts is reviewed annually, based on an estimate of aged receivables that are considered uncollectible. There was no significant change to the allowance for doubtful accounts from last year.

To mitigate credit risk related to the use of derivative instruments, Centra adheres to well established credit exposure limits with institutions that possess a minimum credit rating of 'A' from recognized bond rating agencies or provide a parental guarantee from an 'A' rated parent company. The maximum exposure to credit risk related to Centra's derivative counterparties is equal to the positive fair value of its financial derivatives.

## b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that Centra will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they come due. To meet forecasted cash requirements, Centra uses cash generated from operations, as well as short-term funding and long-term advances from Manitoba Hydro.

For the year ended March 31, 2011

The following is an analysis of the contractual undiscounted cash flows payable under financial liabilities and derivative liabilities as at the balance sheet date:

C	arrying	<u>,</u>					
	Value	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
							and
							thereafter
			milli	ions of a	dollars		-
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	67	67	-	-	-	-	-
Due to parent	19	19	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term debt*	297	15	76	11	46	. 10	388
Derivative financial liabilities							
Natural gas collar obligations	_	1			_	-	-
		102	76	11	46	10	388

<sup>\*</sup>including current portion and interest payments

### c) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Centra is exposed to interest rate risk and commodity price risk associated with the price of natural gas.

#### i. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Centra is exposed to interest rate risk associated with amounts due to the parent company, floating rate long-term debt and the purchased gas variance accounts. At March 31, 2011, an increase or decrease of 1% in the interest rate would reduce or increase net income, respectively, by \$0.5 million (2010 - \$0.5 million).

## ii. Commodity Price Risk

Centra is exposed to natural gas price risk through its purchase of gas for delivery to customers throughout Manitoba. Centra mitigates natural gas price volatility through its use of derivative instruments restricted to price swaps, call options and cashless collars. Centra does not use derivative contracts for trading or speculative purposes.

For the year ended March 31, 2011

Centra has entered into cashless collar contracts until July 2011 to purchase 2 355 000 gigajoules (GJ) of natural gas at a weighted average upper strike price of \$5.26/GJ and a weighted average lower strike price of \$4.11/GJ. The weighted average forward price of the cashless collars per the Alberta Energy Company Exchange (AECO) at March 31, 2011 is \$3.53/GJ. Settlement values are recorded in the purchased gas variance account in the month the natural gas is delivered.

Centra has also entered into natural gas price swaps until April 2016 to purchase 595 200 gigajoules of natural gas at a weighted average fixed price of \$5.20/GJ. The weighted average forward price of the swaps per AECO at March 31, 2011 was \$4.40/GJ. These contracts are reported as derivatives and carried at fair value on the balance sheet.

The unrealized fair value losses of these natural gas derivative contracts as at March 31 is as follows:

	2011	2010
•	millions of	dollars
Cashless collar contracts	(1)	(18)
Fixed price swap contracts	•	(1)

Fair value is calculated by using the monthly forward AECO price as reported by the Natural Gas Exchange as at March 31, 2011.

A change in fair value of cashless collars due to a 10% increase or decrease in the price of natural gas would increase or decrease the purchased gas variance account by \$1.0 million (2010 - \$7.0 million). A change in fair value of price swaps due to a 10% increase or decrease in the price of natural gas would have minimal impact on earnings.

### NOTE 14 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Centra has energy purchase commitments of \$69 million (2010 – \$87 million) that relate to future purchases of natural gas (including transportation and storage contracts), the majority of which expire in 2013.

Centra has various legal and operational matters pending. It is not possible at this time to predict with any certainty the outcome of these matters. Management believes that any settlements related to these matters will not have a material effect on Centra's financial position or results of operations.

For the year ended March 31, 2011

NOTE 15 SHARE CAPITAL		
	2011	2010
	millions of a	dollars
Share capital		
Authorized		
Unlimited number of common shares		
Issued		
1 505 common shares	121	121

121

121

## NOTE 16 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

Centra manages its capital structure to ensure sufficient retained earnings to enable it to absorb the financial effects of adverse circumstances. Centra's capital requirements are met through cash generated from operations as well as short-term funding and long-term advances from its parent, Manitoba Hydro.

## NOTE 17 COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Where appropriate, comparative figures for 2010 have been reclassified in order to conform to the presentation adopted in 2011.

			-