## **Needs for and Alternatives To (NFAT)**

## MMF Undertaking #149

Whitfield Russell Associates to advise whether or not NERC has provided an opinion on whether the SPS qualifies under Footnote B

## Response:

NERC TPL-001-4.

Footnotes 9 and 12 to Table 1 indicate that a system adjustment includes redispatch, not an SPS.

The following indicates that SPS is a type of Corrective Action Plan for an inability to meet (e.g., violation) of planning reliability criteria:

- 2.7. For planning events shown in Table 1, when the analysis indicates an inability of the System to meet the performance requirements in Table 1, the Planning Assessment shall include Corrective Action Plan(s) addressing how the performance requirements will be met. Revisions to the Corrective Action Plan(s) are allowed in subsequent Planning Assessments but the planned System shall continue to meet the performance requirements in Table 1. Corrective Action Plan(s) do not need to be developed solely to meet the performance requirements for a single sensitivity case analyzed in accordance with Requirements R2, Parts 2.1.4 and 2.4.3. The Corrective Action Plan(s) shall: (emphasis added)
- 2.7.1. List System deficiencies and the associated actions needed to achieve required System performance. Examples of such actions include:
  - Installation, modification, retirement, or removal of Transmission and generation Facilities and any associated equipment.
  - <u>Installation, modification, or removal of Protection Systems or Special</u> Protection Systems
  - Installation or modification of automatic generation tripping as a response to a single or multiple Contingency to mitigate Stability performance violations.
  - Installation or modification of manual and automatic generation runback/tripping as a response to a single or multiple Contingency to mitigate steady state performance violations.
  - Use of Operating Procedures specifying how long they will be needed as part of the Corrective Action Plan.
  - Use of rate applications, DSM, new technologies, or other initiatives.
  - 2.7.2. Include actions to resolve performance deficiencies identified in multiple sensitivity studies or provide a rationale for why actions were not necessary.

- 2.7.3. If situations arise that are beyond the control of the Transmission Planner or Planning Coordinator that prevent the implementation of a Corrective Action Plan in the required timeframe, then the Transmission Planner or Planning Coordinator is permitted to utilize Non-Consequential Load Loss and curtailment of Firm Transmission Service to correct the situation that would normally not be permitted in Table 1, provided that the Transmission Planner Standard TPL-001-4 Transmission System Planning Performance Requirements or Planning Coordinator documents that they are taking actions to resolve the situation. The Transmission Planner or Planning Coordinator shall document the situation causing the problem, alternatives evaluated, and the use of Non-Consequential Load Loss or curtailment of Firm Transmission Service.
- 2.7.4. Be reviewed in subsequent annual Planning Assessments for continued validity and implementation status of identified System Facilities and Operating Procedures.