

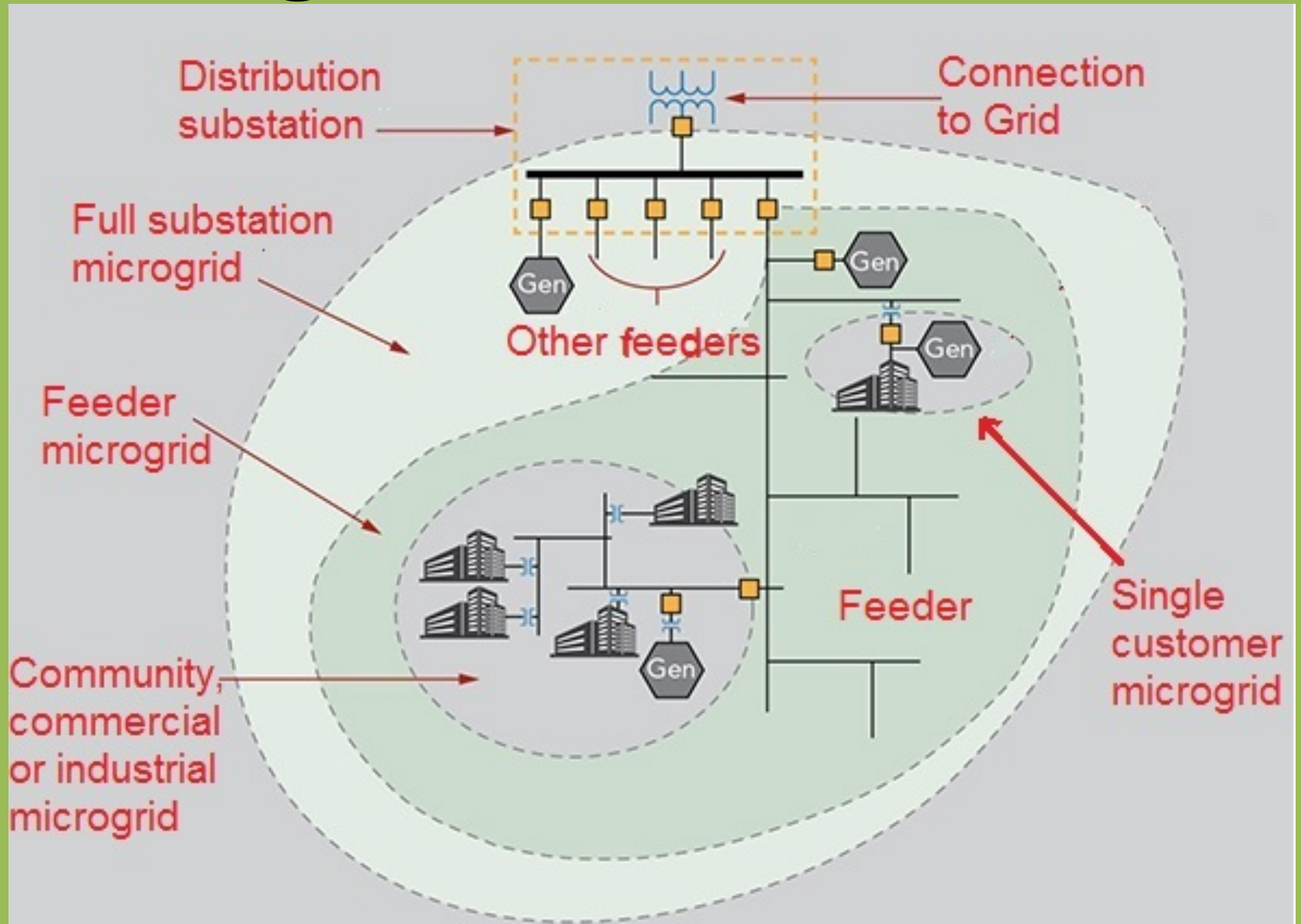
**Manitoba Hydro
2014/15 & 2015/16 General Rate
Application
To the Public Utilities Board**

**Dennis Woodford P.Eng.
For Bipole III Coalition
(Re: Brief Dated 18 May 2015)**

2nd June, 2015

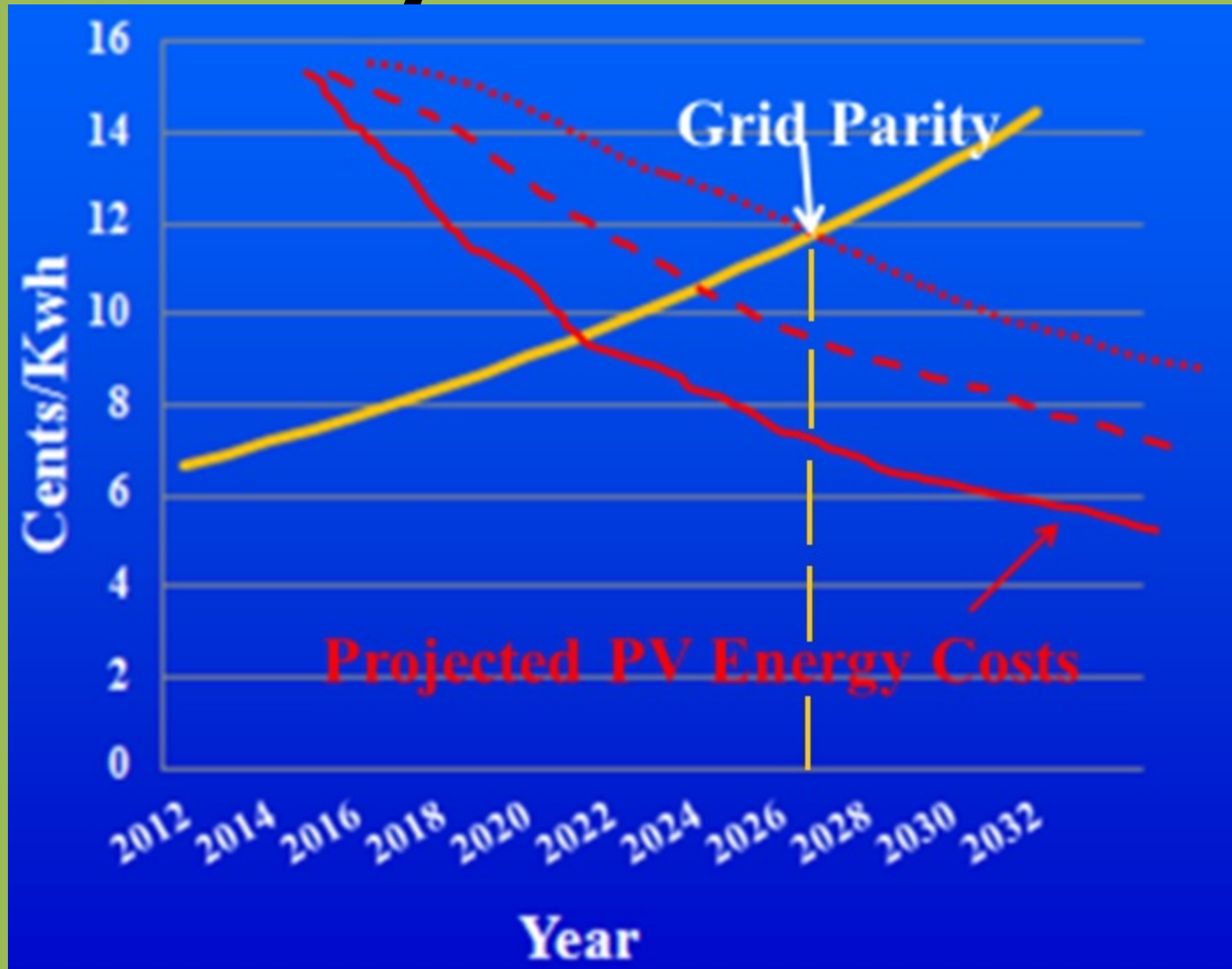
Microgrids

Bipole III Coalition



Grid Parity

Bipole III Coalition



Retraction: The presentation to Alberta is hearsay

But what is not hearsay: [Bipole III Coalition](#)

Consider Manitoba
Hydro's Load Forecast
pages ii, 50, 55



**Manitoba Hydro did consider solar
energy when grid parity is reached**



Courtesy of Solar Solutions Inc.

So What Did Manitoba [Bipole III Coalition](#)

Hydro Do in the Load

**Forecast for Grid Parity with Solar
Panels being added when Average
Load Growth is 70 MW?**

Nothing – It Was Excluded (p58)

**But Plug-in Vehicles were reasonably
added**

Consider 2014 % annual [Bipole III Coalition](#)
solar MW growth in US States that
have reached parity:

Hawaii = 27% pa

Note: Production Tax Credit in place

California = 35% pa

Source: Solar Energy Industries Assn

c/f Manitoba = 1.3% pa (≈ 70 MW)



Courtesy RTDS Technologies

Growth in Microgrids

**From 4,393 MW 2nd quarter 2014 to
over 12,000 MW 2nd quarter 2015**

Source: Electric Light & Power/Power Grid International
05/18/2015

http://www.elp.com/articles/2015/05/microgrid-capacity-tripled-last-year.html?cmpid=Enl_ELP_May-19-2015&eid=288964602&bid=1075900

Growth in Solar Farms

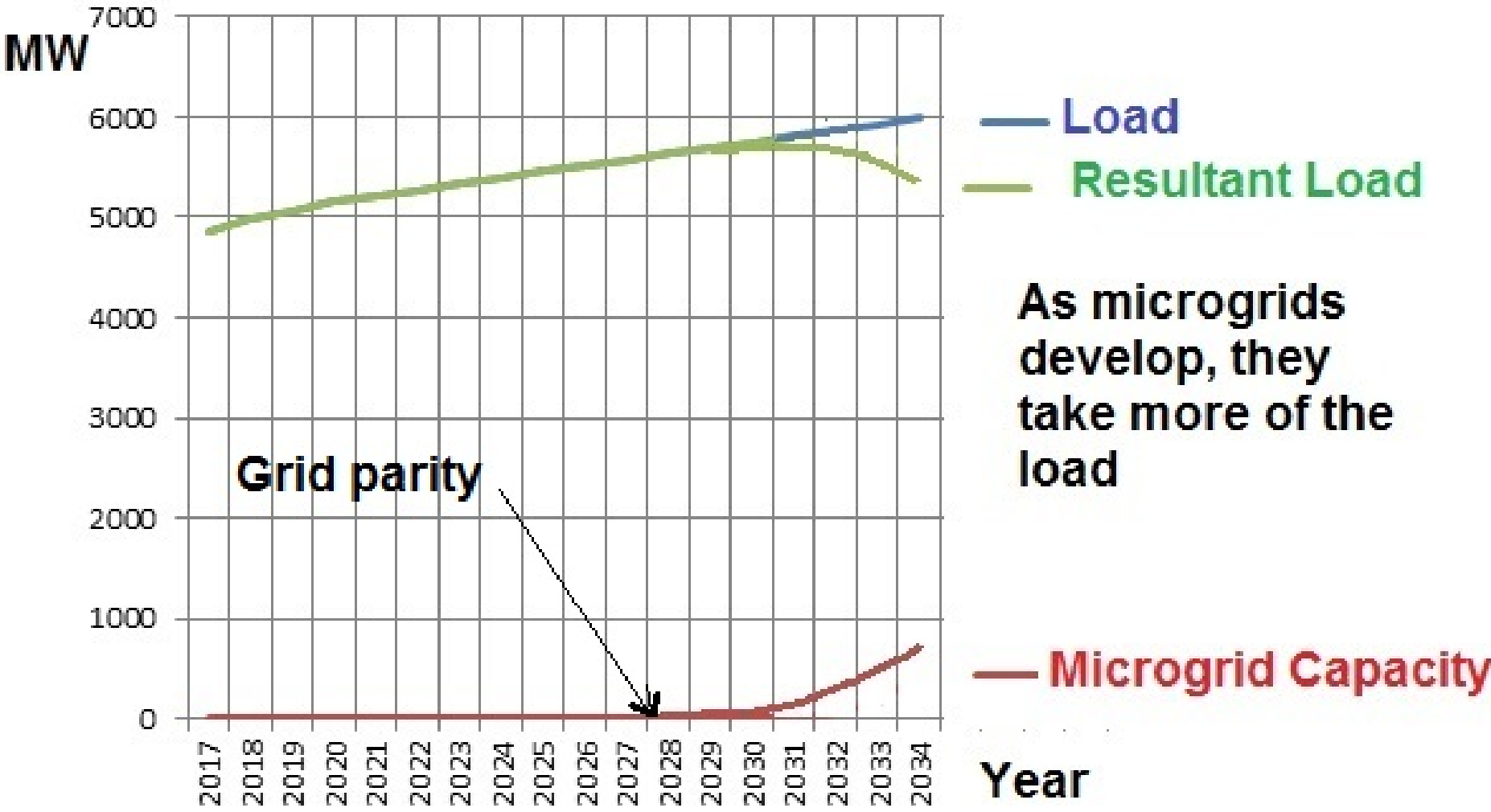
A new \$250 million solar project in Minnesota by Geronimo Energy for Sale to Xcel Energy for summer peaks

Source: Electric Light & Power/Power Grid International
05/29/2015

<http://www.elp.com/articles/2015/05/solar-power-project-gets-ok-from-minnesota-regulators.html>

Competition for Minnesota summer market

Possible Impact of Microgrids & Solar



Possible Impact of Microgrids

No Conawapa

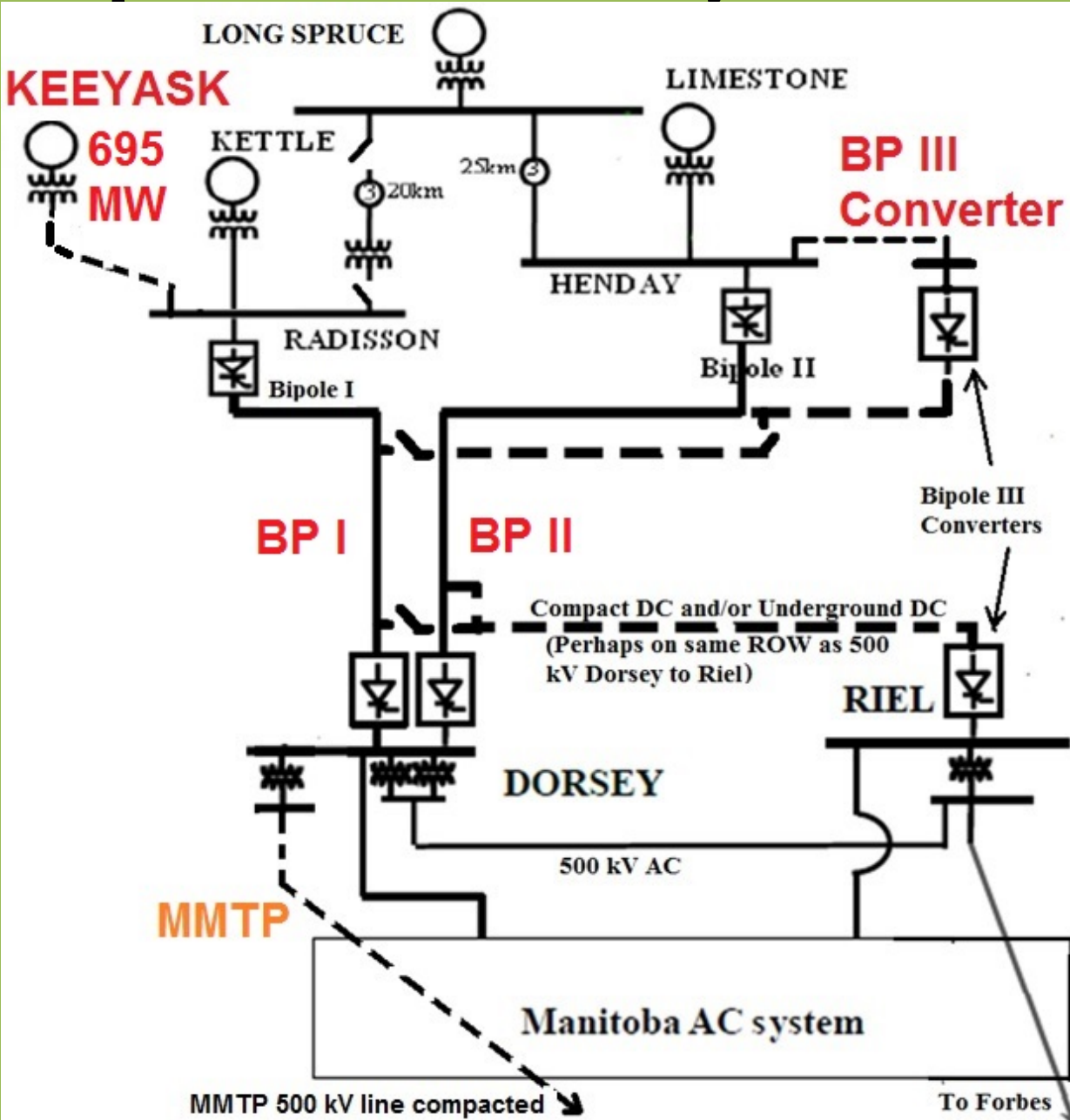
Significant lifting of stress on rates



Rendition of Conawapa by Manitoba Hydro

Bipole III – No O/H Line

Bipole III Coalition



Connect BP III converter to the existing BP I or BP II overhead transmission lines – each rated at 3800 MW and used at 2000 MW – can easily carry extra 695 MW

Bipole III – No O/H Line [Bipole III Coalition](#)

Advantages:

- 1. If line construction stopped immediately, may leave \$1 billion unspent and if BP III converters can be re-contracted to 1200 MW– lower rate increase requirement**
- 2. Eliminate stress to First Nations, Landowners and the Wilderness**
- 3. Can still refurbish Bipole II converters**

Bipole III – No O/H Line

[Bipole III Coalition](#)

Disadvantages:

- 1. Manitoba Hydro won't budge on their stance for Bipole III and their justification depends on a questionable need for "reliability"**
- 2. Extra losses, but annual cost of those extra losses much less than the annual carrying charge on \$1 billion**

Bipole III – “Reliability” [Bipole III Coalition](#)

A list of questionable issues regarding Bipole III needed for reliability:

- 1. For the CEC hearings on Bipole III, no NFAT for Bipole III was allowed and hence no debate on “reliability”**
- 2. For the PUB NFAT for Manitoba Hydro’s PDF, Bipole III was declared Out of Scope by Order in Council April 17, 2013 thus no debate on “reliability”**

Bipole III – “Reliability” [Bipole III Coalition](#)

A list of questionable issues regarding Bipole III needed for reliability cont.

- 3. Manitoba Hydro submitted to the PUB of Newfoundland and Labrador that a reliability study for the Muskrat Falls Project should be done, but never tabled one for the reliability of Bipole III specifically**

Bipole III – “Reliability” [Bipole III Coalition](#)

A list of questionable issues regarding Bipole III needed for reliability cont.

- 4. In Manitoba Hydro’s submission to the PUB NFAT on its PDP, Appendix 13.1, an NFAT Reliability Evaluation was undertaken to compare the reliability of alternatives, unacceptable input data was used, invalidating the evaluation**

Bipole III – “Reliability” [Bipole III Coalition](#)

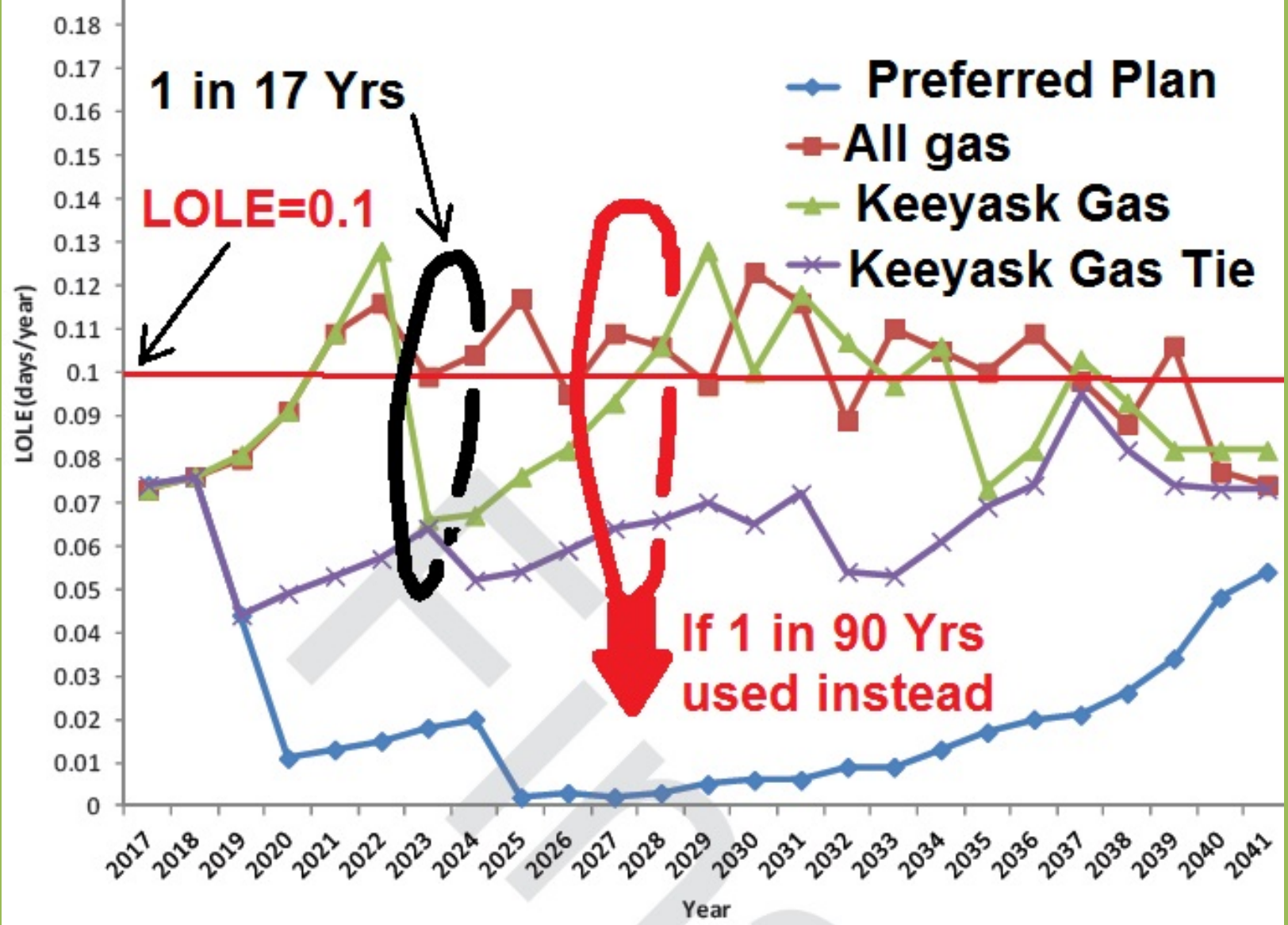
A list of questionable issues regarding Bipole III needed for reliability cont.

4.1 Manitoba Hydro insisted through the CEC EIS and hearings and the PUB NFAT that the simultaneous failure of the Bipoles I and II transmission lines would occur **once every 17** years. A detailed weather hazard report they received Jan 2012 said that figure is **once every 90 years – big difference** and they kept quiet about it and continued to use the 17 years in their NFAT studies and as a scare tactic.

Bipole III – “Reliability”

[Bipole III Coalition](#)

Loss of Load Expectation for PDP NFAT



Bipole III – “Reliability” [Bipole III Coalition](#)

Can Manitoba Hydro justify the continued use of the 1 in 17 years for simultaneous loss of the Bipoles I and II transmission lines when the Teshmont Jan 2012 weather hazard report clearly indicates 1 in 90 years?

Is this misrepresentation deliberate to justify the need for Bipole III for “reliability” so its cost of \$4.65 billion could be sunk into the rate base and not added to electricity export costs? We leave this for you to contemplate

The Bipole III Coalition requests the PUB require Manitoba Hydro to submit a detailed plan of how the emerging reality of supply of electric is to be undertaken as affected by the inevitable transition to microgrids. We ask that such a submission state the impact of microgrids on electricity rates paid by Manitobans

Image provided by Manitoba Hydro

Thank You