## Undertaking \#46

MPI to run the financial model for 4 the 2016/'17 year first assuming a hundred basis point interest rate increase, and then run it again secondly assuming a hundred basis point interest rate decrease during that '16/'17 year.

## RESPONSE:

To illustrate the impact of +/- 100 bps change in the Government of Canada 10 year bond rate in 2016/17, the table below shows net income for the 2016 GRA base, +100 bps, flat interest rate and -100 bps scenarios.

For the Flat interest rate scenario, basic net income was (\$34.3) million in 2016/17.

- From Flat to +100 bps increases net income by $\$ 33$ million.
- From Flat to -100 bps decreases net income by $\$ 43$ million.
- The reason why the results are not symmetrical ( $\$ 33 \mathrm{vs} . \$ 43$ ) is due to convexity when interest rates fall to very low levels ( $1.04 \%$ for the -100 bps scenario).

Basic Net Income for Interest Rate Scenarios in 2016/17
(C\$ 000s)

|  | Base Forecast <br> (March 2015) | $\mathbf{+ 1 0 0}$ bps | Flat | $\mathbf{- 1 0 0} \mathbf{\text { bps }}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2015 / 16$ | $2.04 \%$ | $2.04 \%$ | $2.04 \%$ | $2.04 \%$ |
| $2016 / 17$ | $2.70 \%$ | $3.04 \%$ | $2.04 \%$ | $1.04 \%$ |
| Change | $0.66 \%$ | $1.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $-1.00 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Net Income | $\mathbf{( 1 1 , 4 0 2 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 1 , 5 6 2 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 3 4 , 3 0 9 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 7 7 , 1 4 0 )}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |

